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### **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

**REGULAR SESSION. 1995** 

# ENROLLED

HOUSE BILL No. 2505

(By Delegates adding, Dallagler + Nesbitt)

Passed March 2, 1995

In Effect January 1, 1996 Passage

#### **ENROLLED**

### H. B. 2505

(By Delegates Adkins, Gallagher and Nesbitt)

[Passed March 2, 1995; in effect January 1, 1996.]

AN ACT to amend article two, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; to amend and reenact section nine, article seven; section two, article twenty-two; and to amend and reenact article forty, all of said chapter, all relating to insurance; insurance commissioner; confidentiality of information; standard valuation for life insurance policies; farmers' mutual fire insurance companies, applicability of other provisions; risk based capital for insurers; definitions; risk based capital reports; company action level event; regulatory action level event; authorized control level event; mandatory control level event; hearings; confidentiality, prohibition on announcements; prohibition on ratemaking; supplemental provisions, rules, exemptions; foreign insurers; immunity; severability clause; and effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That article two, chapter thirty-three of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section nineteen; that section nine, article seven; section two, article

twenty-two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that article forty of said chapter be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 2. INSURANCE COMMISSIONER.

#### §33-2-19. Confidentiality of information.

- 1 In order to assist the commissioner in the regulation of
- insurers in this state, it is the duty of the commissioner to
- maintain, as confidential, any documents or information
- received from the national association of insurance
- 5 commissioners or insurance departments of other states
- which is confidential in such other jurisdictions. It is
- within the power of the commissioner to share in-
- formation, including otherwise confidential information,
- with the national association of insurance commissioners
- or insurance departments of other states: Provided, That 10
- 11 such other jurisdictions agree to maintain the same level of
- confidentiality as is available under this statute.

#### ARTICLE 7. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

#### §33-7-9. Standard valuation law.

- (a) Title. This section shall be known as the 2 standard valuation law.
- (b) Reserve valuation. The commissioner shall
- annually value, or cause to be valued, the reserve liabilities
- 5 (hereinafter called reserves) for all outstanding life 6
- insurance policies and annuity and pure endowment 7 contracts of every life insurance company doing business
- in this state, and may certify the amount of any such
- 9 reserves specifying the mortality table or tables, rate or
- 10 rates of interest and methods (net level premium method
- 11 or other) used in the calculation of such reserves. In
- 12 calculating such reserves, he may use group methods and 13
- approximate averages for fractions of a year or otherwise.
- 14 In lieu of the valuation of the reserves herein required of any foreign or alien company, he may accept any 15
- 16 valuation made, or caused to be made, by the insurance
- 17 supervisory official of any state or other jurisdiction when

18 such valuation complies with the minimum standard 19 herein provided and if the official of such state or 20 jurisdiction accepts as sufficient and for all valid legal 21 purposes the certificate of valuation of the commissioner 22 when such certificate states the valuation to have been 23 made in a specified manner according to which the 24 aggregate reserves would be at least as large as if they had 25 been computed in the manner prescribed by the law of 26 that state or jurisdiction.

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- (c) Actuarial opinion of reserves. This subsection shall become operative on first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.
- (1) General. Every life insurance company doing business in this state shall annually submit the opinion of a qualified actuary as to whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in support of the policies and contracts specified by the commissioner by regulation are computed appropriately, are based on assumptions which satisfy contractual provisions, are consistent with prior reported amounts and comply with applicable laws of this state. The commissioner by regulation shall define the specifics of this opinion and add any other items deemed to be necessary to its scope.
- (2) Actuarial analysis of reserves and assets supporting such reserves. —
- 43 (A) Every life insurance company, except as 44 exempted by or pursuant to regulation, shall also annually 45 include in the opinion required by subdivision (1) of this subsection, an opinion of the same qualified actuary as to 47 whether the reserves and related actuarial items held in 48 support of the policies and contracts specified by the 49 commissioner by regulation, when considered in light of 50 the assets held by the company with respect to the reserves 51 and related actuarial items, including, but not limited to, 52 the investment earnings on the assets and the 53 considerations anticipated to be received and retained 54 under the policies and contracts, make adequate provision 55 for the company's obligations under the policies and

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- 56 contracts, including, but not limited to, the benefits under 57 and expenses associated with the policies and contracts.
- 58 (B) The commissioner may provide by regulation for 59 a transition period for establishing any higher reserves 60 which the qualified actuary may deem necessary in order 61 to render the opinion required by this subsection.
  - (3) Requirement for opinion under subdivision (2). Each opinion required by subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be governed by the following provisions:
  - (A) A memorandum in form and substance acceptable to the commissioner as specified by regulation shall be prepared to support each actuarial opinion.
- 68 (B) If the insurance company fails to provide a 69 supporting memorandum at the request of the 70 commissioner within a period specified by regulation or 71 the commissioner determines that the supporting 72 memorandum provided by the insurance company fails to 73 meet the standards prescribed by the regulations or is 74 otherwise unacceptable to the commissioner, the 75 commissioner may engage a qualified actuary at the 76 expense of the company to review the opinion and the 77 basis for the opinion and prepare such supporting 78 memorandum as is required by the commissioner.
  - (4) Requirement for all opinions. Every opinion shall be governed by the following provisions:
- 81 (A) The opinion shall be submitted with the annual 82 statement reflecting the valuation of such reserve liabilities 83 for each year ending on or after the thirty-first day of 84 December, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five.
  - (B) The opinion shall apply to all business in force, including individual and group health insurance plans, in form and substance acceptable to the commissioner as specified by regulation.
- 89 (C) The opinion shall be based on standards adopted 90 from time to time by the actuarial standards board and on 91 such additional standards as the commissioner may by

92 regulation prescribe.

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- 93 (D) In the case of an opinion required to be submitted 94 by a foreign or alien company, the commissioner may 95 accept the opinion filed by that company with the insurance supervisory official of another state if the 97 commissioner determines that the opinion reasonably 98 meets the requirements applicable to a company 99 domiciled in this state.
  - (E) For the purposes of this section, "qualified actuary" means a member in good standing of the American academy of actuaries who meets the requirements set forth in such regulations.
  - (F) Except in cases of fraud or willful misconduct, the qualified actuary shall not be liable for damages to any person (other than the insurance company and the commissioner) for any act, error, omission, decision or conduct with respect to the actuary's opinion.
  - (G) Disciplinary action by the commissioner against the company or the qualified actuary shall be defined in regulations by the commissioner.
- (H) Any memorandum in support of the opinion, and any other material provided by the company to the commissioner in connection therewith, shall be kept confidential by the commissioner and shall not be made public and shall not be subject to subpoena, other than for the purpose of defending an action seeking damages from any person by reason of any action required by this 119 section or by regulations promulgated hereunder: Provided, That the memorandum or other material may 120 otherwise be released by the commissioner: (i) With the written consent of the company; or (ii) to the American 123 academy of actuaries upon request stating that the 124 memorandum or other material is required for the purpose of professional disciplinary proceedings and setting forth procedures satisfactory to the commissioner for preserving the confidentiality of the memorandum or other material. Once any portion of the confidential

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- memorandum is cited by the company in its marketing or 130 is cited before any governmental agency other than a state 131 insurance department or is released by the company to the 132 news media, all portions of the confidential memorandum 133 shall be no longer confidential.
- (d) Computation of minimum standards. Except as otherwise provided in subsections (e),(f) and (m) of this section, the minimum standard for the valuation of all such policies and contracts issued prior to the effective 138 date of this section shall be that provided by the laws in 139 effect immediately prior to such date. Except as otherwise 140 provided in subsections (e), (f) and (m) of this section, the minimum standard for the valuation of all such policies 142 and contracts issued on or after the effective date of this 143 section shall be the commissioners reserve valuation 144 methods defined in subsections (g), (h), (k) and (m) of 145 this section, three and one-half percent interest, or in the 146 case of life insurance policies and contracts, other than 147 annuity and pure endowment contracts, issued on or after 148 the first day of June, one thousand nine hundred 149 seventy-four, four percent interest for such policies issued 150 prior to the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 151 seventy-seven, five and one-half percent interest for single 152 premium life insurance policies and four and one-half 153 percent interest for all other such policies issued on and 154 after the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred 155 seventy-seven, and the following tables:
  - (1) For all ordinary policies of life insurance issued on the standard basis, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies: The commissioners 1941 standard ordinary mortality table for such policies issued prior to the operative date of subsection (4a), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter, the commissioners 1958 standard ordinary mortality table for such policies issued on or after the operative date of said subsection, and prior to the operative date of subsection (4c) of said section: Provided, That for any category of such policies issued on female risks, all modified net premiums and present values referred to in this section

may be calculated according to an age not more than six years younger than the actual age of the insured; and for such policies issued on or after the operative date of subsection (4c), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter: (i) The commissioners 1980 standard ordinary mortality table; or (ii) at the election of the company for any one or more specified plans of life insurance, the commissioners 1980 standard ordinary mortality table with ten-year select mortality factors; or (iii) any ordinary mortality table, adopted after the year one thousand nine hundred eighty by the national association of insurance commissioners, that is approved by regulation promul-gated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies.

- (2) For all industrial life insurance policies issued on the standard basis, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies: The 1941 standard industrial mortality table for such policies issued prior to the operative date of subsection (4b), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter, and for such policies issued on or after such operative date, the commissioners 1961 standard industrial mortality table or any industrial mortality table, adopted after the year one thousand nine hundred eighty by the national association of insurance commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies.
- 195 (3) For individual annuity and pure endowment 196 contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death 197 benefits in such policies: The 1937 standard annuity 198 mortality table, or at the option of the company, the 199 annuity mortality table for 1949, ultimate, or any 200 modification of either of these tables approved by the 201 commissioner.
  - (4) For group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such policies: The group annuity mortality table for 1951, any modification of such table approved by the

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206 commissioner, or at the option of the company, any of the tables or modifications of tables specified for individual 207 208 annuity and pure endowment contracts.

- (5) For total and permanent disability benefits in or 210 supplementary to ordinary policies or contracts: policies or contracts issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, the tables of period two disablement rates and the 1930 to 1950 termination rates of the 1952 disability study of the society of actuaries, with due regard to the type of benefit or any tables of disablement rates and termination rates adopted after the year one thousand nine hundred eighty by the national association of insurance commissioners, that are approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies; for policies or contracts issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, and prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, either such tables or, at the option of the company, the Class (3) disability table (1926); and for policies issued prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, the Class (3) disability table (1926). Any such table shall, for active lives, be combined with a mortality table permitted for calculating the reserves for life insurance policies.
  - (6) For accidental death benefits in or supplementary to policies issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, the 1959 accidental death benefits table or any accidental death benefits table adopted after the year one thousand nine hundred eighty by the national association of insurance commissioners, that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such policies, for policies issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-one, and prior to the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred sixty-six, either such table or, at the option of the company, the inter-company double

- (7) For group life insurance, life insurance issued on the substandard basis and other special benefits: Such tables as may be approved by the commissioner.
- (e) Computation of minimum standard for annuities.

   Except as provided in subsection (f), the minimum standard for the valuation of all individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or after the operative date of this subsection, as defined herein, and for all annuities and pure endowments purchased on or after such operative date under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall be the commissioner's reserve valuation methods defined in subsections (g) and (h) and the following tables and interest rates:
- (1) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued prior to the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such contracts: The 1971 individual annuity mortality table, or any modification of this table approved by the commissioner, and six percent interest for single premium immediate annuity contracts and four percent interest for all other individual annuity and pure endowment contracts;
- (2) For individual single premium immediate annuity contracts issued on or after the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such contracts: The 1971 individual annuity mortality table or any individual annuity mortality table, adopted after the year one thousand nine hundred eighty by the national association of insurance commissioners that is approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in determining the minimum standard of valuation for such contracts, or any modification of these tables approved by

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- 283 the commissioner, and seven and one-half percent interest;
- 284 (3) For individual annuity and pure endowment contracts issued on or after the sixth day of April, one 285 286 thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, other than single 287 premium immediate annuity contracts, excluding any 288 disability and accidental death benefits in such contracts: 289 The 1971 individual annuity mortality table or any 290 individual annuity mortality table adopted after the year 291 one thousand nine hundred eighty by the national 292 association of insurance commissioners, that is approved 293 by regulation promulgated by the commissioner for use in 294 determining the minimum standard of valuation for such 295 contracts, or any modification of these tables approved by 296 the commissioner, and five and one-half percent interest 297 for single premium deferred annuity and pure endowment. 298 contracts and four and one-half percent interest for all 299 other such individual annuity and pure endowment 300 contracts:
  - (4) For all annuities and pure endowments purchased prior to the sixth day of April, one thousand nine hundred seventy-seven, under group annuity and pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits purchased under such contracts: The 1971 group annuity mortality table, or any modification of this table approved by the commissioner, and six percent interest;
- (5) For all annuities and pure endowments purchased 309 on or after the sixth day of April, one thousand nine 310 hundred seventy-seven, under group annuity and pure 311 endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits purchased under such contracts: The 1971 group annuity mortality table, or any group 314 annuity mortality table adopted after the year one 315 thousand nine hundred eighty by the national association 316 of insurance commissioners, that is approved by regula-317 tion promulgated by the commissioner for use in 318 determining the minimum standard of valuation for such 319 annuities and pure endowments, or any modification of 320 these tables approved by the commissioner, and seven and

321 one-half percent interest.

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- 322 After the third day of June, one thousand nine 323 hundred seventy-four, any company may file with the 324 commissioner a written notice of its election to comply 325 with the provisions of this subsection after a specified date 326 before the first day of January, one thousand nine 327 hundred seventy-nine, which shall be the operative date of 328 this subsection for such company, provided, if a company 329 makes no such election, the operative date of this section 330 for such company shall be the first day of January, one 331 thousand nine hundred seventy-nine.
  - (f) Computation of minimum standard by calendar year of issue. —
- 334 (1) Applicability of this section. The interest rates 335 used in determining the minimum standard for the 336 valuation of:
- 337 (A) All life insurance policies issued in a particular 338 calendar year, on or after the operative date of subsection 339 (4c), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter as amended;
- 341 (B) All individual annuity and pure endowment 342 contracts issued in a particular calendar year on or after 343 the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 344 eighty-two;
- 345 (C) All annuities and pure endowments purchased in a 346 particular calendar year on or after the first day of 347 January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-two, under 348 group annuity and pure endowment contracts; and
- 349 (D) The net increase, if any, in a particular calendar 350 year after the first day of January, one thousand nine 351 hundred eighty-two, in amounts held under guaranteed 352 interest contracts; shall be the calendar year statutory 353 valuation interest rates as defined in this subsection.
- 354 (2) Calendar year statutory valuation interest rates. —
- 355 (A) The calendar year statutory valuation interest

- 356 rates. I. shall be determined as follows and the results 357 rounded to the nearer one-quarter of one percent:
- 358 (i) For life insurance,
- $I = .03 + W(R_1 .03) + W/2(R_2 .09);$ 359
- 360 (ii) For single premium immediate annuities and for 361 annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from 362 other annuities with cash settlement options and from 363 guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options,
- 364 I = .03 + W(R - .03)

- 365 where R<sub>1</sub> is the lesser of R and .09,
- 366 R<sub>2</sub> is the greater of R and .09,
- 367 R is the reference interest rate defined in this 368 subsection, and W is the weighting factor defined in this 369 section;
- 370 (iii) For other annuities with cash settlement options 371 and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement 372 options, valued on an issue year basis, except as stated in 373 subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, the formula for life 374 insurance stated in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph 375 shall apply to annuities and guaranteed interest contracts 376 with guarantee durations in excess of ten years and the 377 formula for single premium immediate annuities stated in 378 subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph shall apply to 379 annuities and guaranteed interest contracts with guarantee 380 duration of ten years or less;
- (iv) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash 383 settlement options, the formula for single premium 384 immediate annuities stated in subparagraph (ii) of this 385 paragraph shall apply;
- 386 (v) For other annuities with cash settlement options 387 and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement 388 options, valued on a change in fund basis, the formula for 389 single premium immediate annuities stated in

390 subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph shall apply.

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(B) However, if the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for any life insurance policies issued in any calendar year determined without reference to this sentence differs from the corresponding actual rate for similar policies issued in the immediately preceding calendar year by less than one half of one percent the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for such life insurance policies shall be equal to the corresponding actual rate for the immediately preceding calendar year. For purposes of applying the immediately preceding sentence, the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for life insurance policies issued in a calendar year shall be determined for the year one thousand nine hundred eighty (using the reference interest rate defined for the year one thousand nine hundred seventy-nine) and shall be determined for each subsequent calendar year regardless of when subsection (4c), section thirty, article thirteen of this chapter, as amended, becomes operative.

#### (3) Weighting factors. —

- 410 (A) The weighting factors referred to in the formulas stated above are given in the following tables:
- 412 (i) Weighting Factors for Life Insurance:

413	Guarantee	
414	Duration	Weighting
415	(Years)	Factors
416	10 or less	.50
417	More than 10, but not more than 20	.45
418	More than 20	.35

For life insurance, the guarantee duration is the maximum number of years the life insurance can remain in force on a basis guaranteed in the policy or under options to convert to plans of life insurance with premium rates or nonforfeiture values or both which are guaranteed in the original policy;

- 425 (ii) Weighting factor for single premium immediate 426 annuities and for annuity benefits involving life 427 contingencies arising from other annuities with cash 428 settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with 429 cash settlement options: .80;
- 430 (iii) Weighting factors for other annuities and for 431 guaranteed interest contracts, except as stated in 432 subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, shall be as specified in 433 clauses (I), (II) and (III) below, according to the rules and 434 definitions in clauses (IV), (V) and (VI) below:
- 435 (I) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts 436 valued on an issue year basis:

437	Guarantee	Weighting Factor		
438	Duration	for	Plan T	ype
439	(Years)	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>
440	5 or less:	.80	.60	.50
441	More than 5, but not more than 10:	.75	.60	.50
442	More than 10, but not more than 20:	.65	.50	.45
443	More than 20:	.45	.35	.35

444 (II) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts 445 valued on a change in fund basis, the factors shown in 446 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph increased by:

447	Weighting Factor		
448	for Plan Type		
449	<u>A</u> <u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	
450	.15 .25		

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(III) For annuities and guaranteed interest contracts valued on an issue year basis (other than those with no 453 cash settlement options) which do not guarantee interest 454 on considerations received more than one year after issue 455 or purchase and for annuities and guaranteed interest 456 contracts valued on a change in fund basis which do not 457 guarantee interest rates on considerations received more 458 than twelve months beyond the valuation date, the factors shown in (I) or derived in (II) increased by:

 460
 Weighting Factor

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 for Plan Type

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 A B C

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 .05 .05 .05

(IV) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, the guarantee duration is the number of years for which the contract guarantees interest rates in excess of the calendar year statutory valuation interest rate for life insurance policies with guarantee duration in excess of twenty years. For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the guaranteed duration is the number of years from the date of issue or date of purchase to the date annuity benefits are scheduled to commence.

(V) Plan type as used in the above tables is defined as follows:

#### 477 Plan Type A:

At any time policyholder may withdraw funds only: (1) With an adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company; or (2) without such adjustment but in installments over five years or more; or (3) as an immediate life annuity; or (4) no withdrawal permitted;

#### 484 Plan Type B:

Before expiration of the interest rate guarantee, policyholder may withdraw funds only: (1) With an adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company; or (2) without such adjustment but in installments over five years or more; or (3) no withdrawal permitted. At the end of interest rate guarantee, funds may be withdrawn without such adjustment in a single sum or installments over less than five years;

494 Plan Type C:

Policyholder may withdraw funds before expiration of interest rate guarantee in a single sum or installments over less than five years either: (1) Without adjustment to reflect changes in interest rates or asset values since receipt of the funds by the insurance company; or (2) subject only to a fixed surrender charge stipulated in the contract as a percentage of the fund.

(VI) A company may elect to value guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options and annuities with cash settlement options on either an issue year basis or on a change in fund basis. Guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options and other annuities with no cash settlement options must be valued on an issue year basis. As used in this section, an issue year basis of valuation refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine the minimum valuation standard for the entire duration of the annuity or guaranteed interest contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of issue or year of purchase of the annuity or guaranteed interest contract and the change in fund basis of valuation refers to a valuation basis under which the interest rate used to determine the minimum valuation standard applicable to each change in the fund held under the annuity or guaranteed interest contract is the calendar year valuation interest rate for the year of the change in the fund.

#### (4) Reference interest rate. —

- (A) Reference interest rate referred to in subparagraph (ii), paragraph (A), subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be defined as follows:
- (i) For all life insurance, the lesser of the average over a period of thirty-six months and the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year next preceding the year of issue, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's investors service, inc.

(ii) For single premium immediate annuities and for annuity benefits involving life contingencies arising from other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options. the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or year of purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's investors service, inc.

- (iii) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, with guarantee duration in excess of ten years, the lesser of the average over a period of thirty-six months and the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned Corporate Bonds, as published by Moody's investors service, inc.
- (iv) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement options, valued on a year of issue basis, except as stated in (ii) above, with guarantee duration of ten years or less, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's investors service, inc.
- (v) For other annuities with no cash settlement options and for guaranteed interest contracts with no cash settlement options, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of issue or purchase, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's investors service, inc.
- (vi) For other annuities with cash settlement options and guaranteed interest contracts with cash settlement

options, valued on a change in fund basis, except as stated in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, the average over a period of twelve months, ending on the thirtieth day of June of the calendar year of the change in the fund, of the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds, as published by Moody's investors service, inc.

### (5) Alternative method for determining reference interest rates. —

In the event that the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds is no longer published by Moody's investors service, inc., or in the event that the national association of insurance commissioners determines that the monthly average of the composite yield on seasoned corporate bonds as published by Moody's investors service, inc., is no longer appropriate for the determination of the reference interest rate, then an alternative method for determination of the reference interest rate, which is adopted by the national association of insurance commissioners and approved by regulation promulgated by the commissioner, may be substituted.

### (g) Reserve valuation method — life insurance and endowment benefits.

Except as otherwise provided in subsections (h), (k) and (m) of this section, reserves according to the commissioners reserve valuation method, for the life insurance and endowment benefits of policies providing for a uniform amount of insurance and requiring the payment of uniform premiums shall be the excess, if any, of the present value, at the date of valuation, of such future guaranteed benefits provided for by such policies, over the then present value of any future modified net premiums therefor. The modified net premiums for any such policy shall be such uniform percentage of the respective contract premiums for such benefits that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all such modified net premiums shall be equal to the sum of the then present value of such benefits provided for by the policy and the

608 excess of subdivision (1) over subdivision (2), as follows:

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- (1) A net level annual premium equal to the present value, at the date of issue, of such benefits provided for after the first policy year, divided by the present value, at the date of issue, of an annuity of one per annum payable on the first and each subsequent anniversary of such policy on which a premium falls due: *Provided*, That such net level annual premium shall not exceed the net level annual premium on the nineteen year premium whole life plan for insurance of the same amount at an age one year higher than the age at issue of such policy.
- (2) A net one year term premium for such benefits provided for in the first policy year: Provided, That for any life insurance policy issued on or after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred eighty-five, for which the contract premium in the first policy year exceeds that of the second year and for which no comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year for such excess and which provides an endowment benefit or a cash surrender value or a combination thereof in an amount greater than such excess premium, the reserve according to the commissioners' reserve valuation method as of any policy anniversary occurring on or before the assumed ending date defined herein as the first policy anniversary on which the sum of any endowment benefit and any cash surrender value then available is greater than such excess premium shall, except as otherwise provided in subsection (k) of this section, be the greater of the reserve as of such policy anniversary calculated as described in the preceding paragraph and the reserve as of such policy anniversary calculated as described in that paragraph, but with: (i) The value defined in subdivision (1) of that paragraph being reduced by fifteen percent of the amount of such excess first year premium; (ii) all present values of benefits and premiums being determined without reference to premiums or benefits provided for by the policy after the assumed ending date; (iii) the policy being assumed to mature on such date as an endowment; and (iv) the cash surrender value provided on such date being

considered as an endowment benefit. In making the above comparison the mortality and interest bases stated in subsections (d) and (f) of this section shall be used.

Reserves according to the commissioners' reserve valuation method for: (i) Life insurance policies providing for a varying amount of insurance or requiring the payment of varying premiums; (ii) group annuity and pure endowment contracts purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by an employer (including a partnership or sole proprietorship) or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. §408), as now or hereafter amended; (iii) disability and accidental death benefits in all policies and contracts; and (iv) all other benefits, except life insurance and endowment benefits in life insurance policies and benefits provided by all other annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall be calculated by a method consistent with the principles of the preceding paragraphs of this section.

## (h) Reserve valuation method — annuity and pure endowment benefits. —

This subsection shall apply to all annuity and pure endowment contracts other than group annuity and pure endowment contracts purchased under a retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation, established or maintained by an employer (including a partnership or sole proprietorship) or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. §408), as now or hereafter amended.

Reserves according to the commissioners' annuity reserve method for benefits under annuity or pure endowment contracts, excluding any disability and accidental death benefits in such contracts, shall be the greatest of the respective excesses of the present values, at

685 the date of valuation, of the future guaranteed benefits, 686 including guaranteed nonforfeiture benefits, provided for 687 by such contracts at the end of each respective contract 688 year, over the present value, at the date of valuation, of any 689 future valuation considerations derived from future gross 690 considerations, required by the terms of such contract, that 691 become payable prior to the end of such respective 692 contract year. The future guaranteed benefits shall be 693 determined by using the mortality table, if any, and the 694 interest rate, or rates, specified in such contracts for 695 determining guaranteed benefits. The valuation consider-696 ations are the portions of the respective gross con-697 siderations applied under the terms of such contracts to 698 determine nonforfeiture values.

#### (i) Minimum reserves. —

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- (1) In no event shall a company's aggregate reserves for all life insurance policies, excluding disability and accidental death benefits, issued on or after the effective date of this section, be less than the aggregate reserves calculated in accordance with the methods set forth in subsections (g), (h), (k) and (l) of this section and the mortality table or tables and rate or rates of interest used in calculating nonforfeiture benefits for such policies.
- (2) In no event shall the aggregate reserves for all policies, contracts and benefits be less than the aggregate reserves determined by the qualified actuary to be necessary to render the opinion required by subsection (c) of this section.

#### (i) Optional reserve calculation. —

Reserves for all policies and contracts issued prior to the effective date of this section may be calculated, at the option of the company, according to any standards which produce greater aggregate reserves for all such policies and contracts than the minimum reserves required by the laws in effect immediately prior to such date.

Reserves for any category of policies, contracts or benefits as established by the commissioner, issued on or

after the effective date of this section, may be calculated, at the option of the company, according to any standards which produce greater aggregate reserves for such category than those calculated according to the minimum standard herein provided, but the rate or rates of interest used for policies and contracts, other than annuity and pure endowment contracts, shall not be higher than the corresponding rate or rates of interest used in calculating any nonforfeiture benefits provided therein.

Any such company which at any time shall have adopted any standard of valuation producing greater aggregate reserves than those calculated according to the minimum standard herein provided may, with the approval of the commissioner, adopt any lower standard of valuation, but not lower than the minimum herein provided: *Provided*, That for the purposes of this section, the holding of additional reserves previously determined by a qualified actuary to be necessary to render the opinion required by subsection (c) of this section shall not be deemed to be the adoption of a higher standard of valuation.

# (k) Reserve calculation — valuation net premium exceeding the gross premium charged. —

If in any contract year the gross premium charged by any life insurance company on any policy or contract is less than the valuation net premium for the policy or contract calculated by the method used in calculating the reserve thereon but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest, the minimum reserve required for such policy or contract shall be the greater of either the reserve calculated according to the mortality table, rate of interest, and method actually used for such policy or contract, or the reserve calculated by the method actually used for such policy or contract but using the minimum valuation standards of mortality and rate of interest and replacing the valuation net premium by the actual gross premium in each contract year for which the valuation net premium exceeds the actual gross

760 premium. The minimum valuation standards of mortality 761 and rate of interest referred to in this section are those 762 standards stated in subsections (d) and (f) of this section: 763 *Provided*, That for any life insurance policy issued on or 764 after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred 765 eighty-five, for which the gross premium in the first policy 766 year exceeds that of the second year and for which no 767 comparable additional benefit is provided in the first year 768 for such excess and which provides an endowment benefit 769 or a cash surrender value or a combination thereof in an 770 amount greater than such excess premium, the foregoing 771 provisions of this subsection shall be applied as if the 772 method actually used in calculating the reserve for such 773 policy were the method described in subsection (g) of this 774 section, ignoring the second paragraph of said subsection. 775 The minimum reserve at each policy anniversary of such a 776 policy shall be the greater of the minimum reserve 777 calculated in accordance with said subsection, including 778 the second paragraph of that section, and the minimum 779 reserve calculated in accordance with this subsection.

### (1) Reserve calculation — indeterminate premium plans. —

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In the case of any plan of life insurance which provides for future premium determination, the amounts of which are to be determined by the insurance company based on then estimates of future experience, or in the case of any plan of life insurance or annuity which is of such a nature that the minimum reserves cannot be determined by the methods described in subsections (g), (h) and (k) of this section, the reserves which are held under any such plan must:

- (1) Be appropriate in relation to the benefits and the pattern of premiums for that plan; and
- 793 (2) Be computed by a method which is consistent with 794 the principles of this standard valuation law, as determined 795 by regulations promulgated by the commissioner.
- 796 (m) Minimum standards for health (disability,

#### 797 accident and sickness) plans. —

- The commissioner shall promulgate a regulation containing the minimum standards applicable to the valuation of health (disability, sickness and accident) plans.
- 802 (n) The commissioner shall promulgate a rule on or 803 before the first day of November, one thousand nine 804 hundred ninety-five, prescribing the guidelines and 805 standards for statements of actuarial opinion which are to 806 be submitted in accordance with subsection (c) of this 807 section and for memoranda in support thereof; guidelines 808 and standards for statements of actuarial opinion which 809 are to be submitted when a company is exempt from 810 subdivision (2), subsection (c) of the standard valuation law; and rules applicable to the appointment of an 811 812 appointed actuary.

#### (o) Effective Date. —

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All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provision of this section are hereby repealed as of the effective date of this section. This section shall take effect the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

#### ARTICLE 22. FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANIES.

#### §33-22-2. Applicability of other provisions.

- Each company to the same extent such provisions are applicable to domestic mutual insurers shall be governed
- by and be subject to the following articles of this chapter:
- 4 Article one (definitions); article two (insurance com-
- 5 missioner); article four (general provisions) except that
- 6 section sixteen of said article shall not be applicable
- 7 thereto; article seven (assets and liabilities); article ten 8 (rehabilitation and liquidation) except that under the
- 9 provisions of section thirty-two of said article assessments
- 10 shall not be levied against any former member of a
- 11 farmers' mutual fire insurance company who is no longer

- 12 a member of the company at the time the order to show
- 13 cause was issued; article eleven (unfair trade practices);
- 14 article twelve (agents, brokers and solicitors) except that
- 15 the agent's license fee shall be five dollars; article
- 16 twenty-six (West Virginia insurance guaranty association
- 17 act); article twenty-seven (insurance holding company
- 18 systems); article thirty (mine subsidence insurance) except
- 19 that under the provisions of section six of said article, a
- 20 farmers' mutual insurance company shall have the option
- 21 of offering mine subsidence coverage to all of its
- 22 policyholders but shall not be required to do so; article
- 23 thirty-three (annual audited financial report); article
- 24 thirty-four (administrative supervision); article thirty-
- 25 four-a (standards and commissioner's authority for
- 26 companies deemed to be in hazardous financial
- 27 condition); article thirty-five (criminal sanctions for
- 28 failure to report impairment); article thirty-six (business
- 29 transacted with producer-controlled property/casualty
- 30 insurer); article thirty-seven (managing general agents);
- 31 article thirty-nine (disclosure of material transactions); and
- 32 article forty (risk-based capital for insurers); but only to
- 33 the extent these provisions are not inconsistent with the
- 34 provisions of this article.

#### ARTICLE 40. RISK-BASED CAPITAL (RBC) FOR INSURERS.

#### §33-40-1. Definitions.

- 1 As used in this article, these terms shall have the 2 following meanings:
- 3 (a) "Adjusted RBC report" means an RBC report which 4 has been adjusted by the commissioner in accordance with
- 5 subsection (e), section two of this article.
- 6 (b) "Corrective order" means an order issued by the 7 commissioner specifying corrective actions which the 8 commissioner has determined are required.
- 9 (c) "Commissioner" means the insurance commis-10 sioner of the state of West Virginia.
- 11 (d) "Domestic insurer" means any insurance company

- 12 or farmers' mutual fire insurance company domiciled in 13 this state.
- 14 (e) "Foreign insurer" means any insurance company 15 which is licensed to do business in this state under article 16 three of this chapter but is not domiciled in this state.
- 17 (f) "NAIC" means the national association of insurance 18 commissioners.
- 19 (g) "Life and/or health insurer" means any insurance 20 company licensed under article three of this chapter or a 21 licensed property and casualty insurer writing only 22 accident and health insurance.
- 23 (h) "Property and casualty insurer" means any insurance company licensed under article three of this chapter or any farmers mutual fire insurance company licensed under article twenty-two of this chapter, but shall not include monoline mortgage guaranty insurers, financial guaranty insurers and title insurers.
- 29 (i) "Negative trend" means, with respect to a life and/or 30 health insurer, negative trend over a period of time, as 31 determined in accordance with the trend test calculation 32 included in the RBC instructions.
- 33 (j) "RBC instructions" means the RBC report including 34 risk-based capital instructions adopted by the NAIC, as 35 such RBC instructions may be amended by the NAIC 36 from time to time in accordance with the procedures 37 adopted by the NAIC.
- 38 (k) "RBC level" means an insurer's company action 39 level RBC, regulatory action level RBC, authorized control 40 level RBC, or mandatory control level RBC where:
- 41 (1) "Company action level RBC" means, with respect to 42 any insurer, the product of two and its authorized control 43 level RBC;
- 44 (2) "Regulatory action level RBC" means the product 45 of one and one half and its authorized control level RBC;
- 46 (3) "Authorized control level RBC" means the number

- 47 determined under the risk-based capital formula in 48 accordance with the RBC instructions;
- 49 (4) "Mandatory control level RBC" means the product 50 of seven tenths and the authorized control level RBC.
- 51 (l) "RBC plan" means a comprehensive financial plan 52 containing the elements specified in subsection (b), section 53 three of this article. If the commissioner rejects the RBC 54 plan, and it is revised by the insurer, with or without the 55 commissioners recommendation, the plan shall be called 56 the revised RBC plan.
- 57 (m) "RBC report" means the report required in section 58 two of this article.
- (n) "Total adjusted capital" means the sum of:
- 60 (1) An insurer's statutory capital and surplus as 61 determined in accordance with the statutory accounting 62 applicable to the financial statements required to be filed 63 under section fourteen, article four of this chapter; and
- 64 (2) Such other items, if any, as the RBC instructions 65 may provide.

#### §33-40-2. RBC reports.

- 1 (a) Every domestic insurer shall, on or prior to each 2 first day of March (the "filing date"), prepare and submit 3 to the commissioner a report of its RBC levels as of the end of the calendar year just ended, in a form and 5 containing such information as is required by the RBC instructions. In addition, every domestic insurer shall file 7 its RBC report:
- 8 (1) With the NAIC in accordance with the RBC 9 instructions; and
- 10 (2) With the insurance commissioner in any state in 11 which the insurer is authorized to do business, if the 12 insurance commissioner has notified the insurer of its 13 request in writing, in which case the insurer shall file its 14 RBC report not later than the later of:

- 15 (A) Fifteen days from the receipt of notice to file its 16 RBC report with that state; or
- 17 (B) The filing date.
- 18 (b) A life and health insurer's RBC shall be determined 19 in accordance with the formula set forth in the RBC
- 20 instructions. The formula shall take into account (and 21 may adjust for the covariance between):
- 22 (1) The risk with respect to the insurer's assets;
- 23 (2) The risk of adverse insurance experience with 24 respect to the insurer's liabilities and obligations;
- 25 (3) The interest rate risk with respect to the insurer's business; and
- 27 (4) All other business risks and such other relevant 28 risks as are set forth in the RBC instructions determined in 29 each case by applying the factors in the manner set forth 30 in the RBC instructions.
- 31 (c) A property and casualty insurer's RBC shall be 32 determined in accordance with the formula set forth in the 33 RBC instructions. The formula shall take into account 34 (and may adjust for the covariance between):
- 35 (1) Asset risk;
- 36 (2) Credit risk;
- 37 (3) Underwriting risk; and
- 38 (4) All other business risks and such other relevant 39 risks as are set forth in the RBC instructions determined in 40 each case by applying the factors in the manner set forth 41 in the RBC instructions.
- 42 (d) An excess of capital over the amount produced by
  43 the risk-based capital requirements contained in this article
  44 and the formulas, schedules and instructions referenced in
  45 this article is desirable in the business of insurance.
  46 Accordingly, insurers should seek to maintain capital
  47 above the RBC levels required by this article. Additional
- 48 capital is used and useful in the insurance business and

- helps to secure an insurer against various risks inherent in,
- 50 or affecting, the business of insurance and not accounted
- 51 for or only partially measured by the risk-based capital
- 52 requirements contained in this article.
- (e) If a domestic insurer files an RBC report which in 53 54
- the judgment of the commissioner is inaccurate, then the
- 55 commissioner shall adjust the RBC report to correct the
- 56 inaccuracy and shall notify the insurer of the adjustment.
- 57 The notice shall contain a statement of the reason for the
- 58 adjustment. An RBC report as so adjusted is referred to as
- 59 an "Adjusted RBC Report".

#### §33-40-3. Company action level event.

- (a) "Company action level event" means any of the 2 following events:
- 3 (1) The filing of an RBC report by an insurer which indicates that:
- 5 (A) The insurer's total adjusted capital is greater than 6 or equal to its regulatory action level RBC but less than its 7 company action level RBC; or
- 8 (B) If a life and/or health insurer, the insurer has total adjusted capital which is greater than or equal to its 10 company action level RBC but less than the product of its authorized control level RBC and two and one half and 11 12 has a negative trend;
- 13 (2) The notification by the commissioner to the 14 insurer of an adjusted RBC report that indicates an event 15 in subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided the insurer 16 does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under section 17 seven of this article: or
- 18 (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, an 19 insurer challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates 20 the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the 21 notification by the commissioner to the insurer that the 22 commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's 23 challenge.

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- 24 (b) In the event of a company action level event, the 25 insurer shall prepare and submit to the commissioner an 26 RBC plan which shall:
  - (1) Identify the conditions which contribute to the company action level event;
- 29 (2) Contain proposals of corrective actions which the 30 insurer intends to take and would be expected to result in the elimination of the company action level event;
  - (3) Provide projections of the insurer's financial results in the current year and at least the four succeeding years, both in the absence of proposed corrective actions and giving effect to the proposed corrective actions, including projections of statutory operating income, net income, capital and/or surplus. (The projections for both new and renewal business may include separate projections for each major line of business and separately identify each significant income, expense and benefit component);
  - (4) Identify the key assumptions impacting the insurer's projections and the sensitivity of the projections to the assumptions; and
  - (5) Identify the quality of, and problems associated with, the insurer's business, including, but not limited to, its assets, anticipated business growth and associated surplus strain, extraordinary exposure to risk, mix of business and use of reinsurance, if any, in each case.
- 49 (c) The RBC plan shall be submitted:
- 50 (1) Within forty-five days of the company action level 51 event; or
  - (2) If the insurer challenges an adjusted RBC report pursuant to section seven of this article, within forty-five days after notification to the insurer that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge.
  - (d) Within sixty days after the submission by an insurer of an RBC plan to the commissioner, the commissioner shall notify the insurer whether the RBC

59 plan shall be implemented or is, in the judgment of the 60 commissioner, unsatisfactory. If the commissioner determines the RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the notification to the insurer shall set forth the reasons for the 63 determination, and may set forth proposed revisions which will render the RBC plan satisfactory, in the judgment of 64 65 the commissioner. Upon notification from the 66 commissioner, the insurer shall prepare a revised RBC 67 plan, which may incorporate by reference any revisions proposed by the commissioner, and shall submit the 69 revised RBC plan to the commissioner:

(1) Within forty-five days after the notification from the commissioner; or

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- (2) If the insurer challenges the notification from the commissioner under section seven of this article, within 74 forty-five days after a notification to the insurer that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge.
  - (e) In the event of a notification by the commissioner to an insurer that the insurer's RBC plan or revised RBC plan is unsatisfactory, the commissioner may at the commissioner's discretion, subject to the insurer's right to a hearing under section seven of this article, specify in the notification that the notification constitutes a regulatory action level event.
  - (f) Every domestic insurer that files an RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the commissioner shall file a copy of the RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the insurance commissioner in any state in which the insurer is authorized to do business if:
  - (1) Such state has an RBC provision substantially similar to subsection (a), section eight of this article; and
- 91 (2) The insurance commissioner of that state has 92 notified the insurer of its request for the filing in writing, 93 in which case the insurer shall file a copy of the RBC plan 94 or revised RBC plan in that state no later than the later of:

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- 95 (i) Fifteen days after the receipt of notice to file a 96 copy of its RBC plan or revised RBC plan with the state; or
- 97 (ii) The date on which the RBC plan or revised RBC 98 plan is filed under subsections (c) and (d) of this section.

#### 99 §33-40-4. Regulatory action level event.

- 100 (a) "Regulatory action level event" means, with respect 101 to any insurer, any of the following events:
  - (1) The filing of an RBC report by the insurer which indicates that the insurer's total adjusted capital is greater than or equal to its authorized control level RBC but less than its regulatory action level RBC;
- 106 (2) The notification by the commissioner to an insurer 107 of an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in 108 subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided the insurer 109 does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under section 110 seven of this article;
  - (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the insurer challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, the notification by the commissioner to the insurer that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge;
- 117 (4) The failure of the insurer to file an RBC report by 118 the filing date, unless the insurer has provided an 119 explanation for such failure which is satisfactory to the 120 commissioner and has cured the failure within ten days 121 after the filing date;
- 122 (5) The failure of the insurer to submit an RBC plan to 123 the commissioner within the time period set forth in 124 subsection (c), section three of this article;
- 125 (6) Notification by the commissioner to the insurer 126 that:
- 127 (A) The RBC plan or revised RBC plan submitted by 128 the insurer is, in the judgment of the commissioner, 129 unsatisfactory; and

- 130 (B) Such notification constitutes a regulatory action 131 level event with respect to the insurer, provided the insurer 132 has not challenged the determination under section seven 133 of this article;
- 134 (7) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the 135 insurer challenges a determination by the commissioner 136 under subdivision (6) of this subsection, the notification 137 by the commissioner to the insurer that the commissioner 138 has, after a hearing, rejected such challenge;
- 139 (8) Notification by the commissioner to the insurer 140 that the insurer has failed to adhere to its RBC plan or 141 revised RBC plan, but only if such failure has a substantial 142 adverse effect on the ability of the insurer to eliminate the 143 company action level event in accordance with its RBC 144 plan or revised RBC plan and the commissioner has so 145 stated in the notification, provided the insurer has not 146 challenged the determination under section seven of this 147 article: or
- 148 (9) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the 149 insurer challenges a determination by the commissioner 150 under subdivision (8) of this subsection, the notification 151 by the commissioner to the insurer that the commissioner 152 has, after a hearing, rejected the challenge.
- (b) In the event of a regulatory action level event the commissioner shall:
- 155 (1) Require the insurer to prepare and submit an RBC plan or, if applicable, a revised RBC plan;
- 157 (2) Perform such examination or analysis as the 158 commissioner deems necessary of the assets, liabilities and 159 operations of the insurer including a review of its RBC 160 plan or revised RBC plan; and
- 161 (3) Subsequent to the examination or analysis, issue an 162 order specifying such corrective actions as the 163 commissioner shall determine are required (a "corrective order").
- 165 (c) In determining corrective actions, the commis-

- sioner may take into account such factors as are deemed relevant with respect to the insurer based upon the commissioner's examination or analysis of the assets, liabilities and operations of the insurer including but not
- liabilities and operations of the insurer, including, but not limited to, the results of any sensitivity tests undertaken
- 171 pursuant to the RBC instructions. The RBC plan or revised
- 172 RBC plan shall be submitted:
- 173 (1) Within forty-five days after the occurrence of the regulatory action level event;
- 175 (2) If the insurer challenges an adjusted RBC report 176 pursuant to section seven of this article and the challenge 177 is not frivolous in the judgment of the commissioner 178 within forty-five days after the notification to the insurer 179 that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the 180 insurer's challenge; or
- 181 (3) If the insurer challenges a revised RBC plan 182 pursuant to section seven of this article and the challenge 183 is not frivolous in the judgment of the commissioner, 184 within forty-five days after the notification to the insurer 185 that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the 186 insurer's challenge.
- 187 (d) The commissioner may retain actuaries and 188 investment experts and other consultants as may be 189 necessary in the judgment of the commissioner to review 190 the insurer's RBC plan or revised RBC plan, examine or 191 analyze the assets, liabilities and operations of the insurer 192 and formulate the corrective order with respect to the 193 insurer. The fees, costs and expenses relating to 194 consultants shall be borne by the affected insurer or such 195 other party as directed by the commissioner.

#### §33-40-5. Authorized control level event.

- 1 (a) "Authorized control level event" means any of the 2 following events:
- 3 (1) The filing of an RBC report by the insurer which 4 indicates that the insurer's total adjusted capital is greater 5 than or equal to its mandatory control level RBC but less

6 than its authorized control level RBC;

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- (2) The notification by the commissioner to the insurer of an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided the insurer does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under section seven of this article;
- 12 (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the 13 insurer challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates 14 the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, notification 15 by the commissioner to the insurer that the commissioner 16 has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge;
- 17 (4) The failure of the insurer to respond, in a manner 18 satisfactory to the commissioner, to a corrective order 19 (provided the insurer has not challenged the corrective 20 order) under section seven of this article; or
  - (5) If the insurer has challenged a corrective order under section seven of this article and the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the challenge or modified the corrective order, the failure of the insurer to respond, in a manner satisfactory to the commissioner, to the corrective order subsequent to rejection or modification by the commissioner.
- 28 (b) In the event of an authorized control level event 29 with respect to an insurer, the commissioner shall:
- 30 (1) Take such actions as are required under section 31 four of this article regarding an insurer with respect to 32 which a regulatory action level event has occurred; or
- 33 (2) If the commissioner deems it to be in the best 34 interests of the policyholders and creditors of the insurer 35 and of the public, take such actions as are necessary to 36 cause the insurer to be placed under regulatory control 37 under article ten of this chapter. In the event the 38 commissioner takes such actions, the authorized control 39 level event shall be deemed sufficient grounds for the 40 commissioner to take action under said article, and the 41 commissioner shall have the rights, powers and duties with

- 42 respect to the insurer as are set forth in said article. In the
- 43 event the commissioner takes actions under this
- 44 subdivision pursuant to an adjusted RBC report, the
- 45 insurer shall be entitled to such protections as are afforded
- to insurers under the provisions of article ten of this
- 47 chapter pertaining to summary proceedings.

#### §33-40-6. Mandatory control level events.

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- 1 (a) "Mandatory control level event" means any of the following events:
  - (1) The filing of an RBC report which indicates that the insurer's total adjusted capital is less than its mandatory control level RBC;
  - (2) Notification by the commissioner to the insurer of an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, provided the insurer does not challenge the adjusted RBC report under section seven of this article; or
  - (3) If, pursuant to section seven of this article, the insurer challenges an adjusted RBC report that indicates the event in subdivision (1) of this subsection, notification by the commissioner to the insurer that the commissioner has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's challenge.
- 16 (b) In the event of a mandatory control level event:
- 17 (1) With respect to a life insurer, the commissioner 18 shall take such actions as are necessary to place the insurer 19 under regulatory control under article ten of this chapter. 20 In that event, the mandatory control level event shall be 21 deemed sufficient grounds for the commissioner to take 22 action under said article, and the commissioner shall have 23 the rights, powers and duties with respect to the insurer as 24 are set forth in said article. If the commissioner takes 25 actions pursuant to an adjusted RBC report, the insurer 26 shall be entitled to the protections of said article pertaining 27 to summary proceedings. Notwithstanding any of the 28 foregoing, the commissioner may forego action for up to 29 ninety days after the mandatory control level event if the

- 30 commissioner finds there is a reasonable expectation that 31 the mandatory control level event may be eliminated 32 within the ninety-day period.
- 33 (2) With respect to a property and casualty insurer, the 34 commissioner shall take such actions as are necessary to 35 place the insurer under regulatory control under article 36 ten of this chapter, or, in the case of an insurer which is 37 writing no business and which is running-off its existing 38 business, may allow the insurer to continue its run-off 39 under the supervision of the commissioner. In either event, the mandatory control level event shall be deemed 40 41 sufficient grounds for the commissioner to take action 42 under said article and the commissioner shall have the 43 rights, powers and duties with respect to the insurer as are 44 set forth in said article. If the commissioner takes actions 45 pursuant to an adjusted RBC report, the insurer shall be 46 entitled to the protections of said article pertaining to 47 summary proceedings. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, the commissioner may forego action for up to 48 49 ninety days after the mandatory control level event if the 50 commissioner finds there is a reasonable expectation that 51 the mandatory control level event may be eliminated within the ninety-day period.

#### §33-40-7. Hearings.

- Insurers shall have the right to a confidential departmental hearing, on a record, at which the insurer may challenge any determination or action by the commissioner made pursuant to the provisions of this article. The insurer shall notify the commissioner of its request for a hearing within five days after receiving notification from the commissioner.
- 8 (a) Notification to an insurer by the commissioner of
   9 an adjusted RBC report; or
- 10 (b) Notification to an insurer by the commissioner 11 that:
- 12 (1) The insurer's RBC plan or revised RBC plan is unsatisfactory; and

- 14 (2) Such notification constitutes a regulatory action 15 level event with respect to such insurer; or
- 16 (c) Notification to any insurer by the commissioner that the insurer has failed to adhere to its RBC plan or revised RBC plan and that such failure has a substantial adverse effect on the ability of the insurer to eliminate the company action level event with respect to the insurer in accordance with its RBC plan or revised RBC plan; or
- 22 (d) Notification to an insurer by the commissioner of 23 a Corrective order with respect to the insurer.
- Upon receipt of the insurer's request for a hearing, the commissioner shall set a date for the hearing, which date shall be no less than fifteen nor more than forty-five days after the date of the insurer's request.

## §33-40-8. Confidentiality; prohibition on announcements, prohibition on use in ratemaking.

- 1 (a) All RBC reports (to the extent the information therein is not required to be set forth in a publicly 3 available annual statement schedule) and RBC plans (including the results or report of any examination or 5 analysis of an insurer performed pursuant hereto and any corrective order issued by the commissioner pursuant to examination or analysis) with respect to any domestic 7 insurer or foreign insurer which are filed with the 9 commissioner constitute information that might be 10 damaging to the insurer if made available to its 11 competitors and therefore shall be kept confidential by the 12 commissioner. This information shall not be made public 13 and/or be subject to subpoena, other than by the 14 commissioner and then only for the purpose of 15 enforcement actions taken by the commissioner pursuant 16 to this article or any other provision of the insurance laws 17 of this state. The information required by this article is 18 specifically exempt from the requirements of chapter 19 twenty-nine-b of this code.
- 20 (b) It is the judgment of the Legislature that the 21 comparison of an insurer's total adjusted capital to any of

22 its RBC levels is a regulatory tool which may indicate the 23 need for possible corrective action with respect to the 24 insurer, and is not intended as a means to rank insurers 25 generally. Therefore, except as otherwise required under 26 the provisions of this article, the making, publishing, 27 disseminating, circulating or placing before the public, or 28 causing, directly or indirectly to be made, published, 29 disseminated, circulated or placed before the public, in a 30 newspaper, magazine or other publication, or in the form 31 of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter or poster, or over any 32 radio or television station, or in any other way, an 33 advertisement, announcement or statement containing an 34 assertion, representation or statement with regard to the 35 RBC levels of any insurer, or of any component derived in 36 the calculation, by any insurer, agent, broker or other 37 person engaged in any manner in the insurance business 38 would be misleading and is therefore prohibited: 39 Provided, That if any materially false statement with 40 respect to the comparison regarding an insurer's total 41 adjusted capital to its RBC levels (or any of them) or an 42 inappropriate comparison of any other amount to the 43 insurers RBC levels is published in any written publication 44 and the insurer is able to demonstrate to the commissioner 45 with substantial proof the falsity of such statement, or the 46 inappropriateness, as the case may be, then the insurer 47 may publish an announcement in a written publication if 48 the sole purpose of the announcement is to rebut the 49 materially false statement.

(c) It is the further judgment of the Legislature that the RBC instructions, RBC reports, adjusted RBC reports, RBC plans and revised RBC plans are intended solely for use by the commissioner in monitoring the solvency of insurers and the need for possible corrective action with respect to insurers and shall not be used by the commissioner for ratemaking nor considered or introduced as evidence in any rate proceeding nor used by the commissioner to calculate or derive any elements of an appropriate premium level or rate of return for any line of insurance which an insurer or any affiliate is authorized to

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#### §33-40-9. Supplemental provisions; rules; exemption.

- 1 (a) The provisions of this article are supplemental to 2 any other provisions of the laws of this state and shall not 3 preclude or limit any other powers or duties of the 4 commissioner under such laws, including, but not limited 5 to, article ten of this chapter.
- 6 (b) The commissioner may adopt reasonable rules 7 necessary for the implementation of this article.
- 8 (c) The commissioner may exempt from the 9 application of this article any domestic property and 10 casualty insurer which:
- 11 (1) Writes direct business only in this state;
- 12 (2) Writes direct annual premiums of two million 13 dollars or less; and
- 14 (3) Assumes no reinsurance in excess of five percent of direct premium written.
- 16 (d) A domestic farmers mutual fire insurance 17 company is exempt from the provisions of this article 18 when:
- 19 (1) It writes direct business only in this state;
- 20 (2) It writes direct annual premiums of two million 21 dollars or less; and
- 22 (3) It assumes no reinsurance in excess of five percent of direct premium written.

#### §33-40-10. Foreign insurers.

- 1 (a) Any foreign insurer shall, upon the written request 2 of the commissioner, submit to the commissioner an RBC 3 report as of the end of the calendar year just ended the 4 later of:
- 5 (1) The date an RBC report would be required to be filed by a domestic insurer under this act; or

7 (2) Fifteen days after the request is received by the 8 foreign insurer.

Any foreign insurer shall, at the written request of the commissioner, promptly submit to the commissioner a copy of any RBC plan that is filed with the insurance commissioner of any other state.

- 13 (b) In the event of a company action level event, 14 regulatory action level event or authorized control level 15 event with respect to any foreign insurer as determined 16 under the RBC statute applicable in the state of domicile 17 of the insurer (or, if no RBC statute is in force in that state. 18 under the provisions of this article), if the insurance 19 commissioner of the state of domicile of the foreign 20 insurer fails to require the foreign insurer to file an RBC 21 plan in the manner specified under that state's RBC statute 22 (or, if no RBC statute is in force in that state, under section 23 three of this article), the commissioner may require the 24 foreign insurer to file an RBC plan with the commissioner. 25 In such event, the failure of the foreign insurer to file an 26 RBC plan with the commissioner shall be grounds to order 27 the insurer to cease and desist from writing new insurance 28 business in this state.
- 29 (c) In the event of a mandatory control level event 30 with respect to any foreign insurer, if no domiciliary 31 receiver has been appointed with respect to the foreign 32 insurer under the rehabilitation and liquidation statute 33 applicable in the state of domicile of the foreign insurer, 34 the commissioner may make application to the circuit 35 court of Kanawha county permitted under article ten of 36 this chapter with respect to the liquidation of property of 37 foreign insurers found in this state and the occurrence of 38 the mandatory control level event shall be considered 39 adequate grounds for the application.

#### §33-40-11. Immunity.

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There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action shall arise against, the commissioner or the agency of the insurance commission or its employees or

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- 4 agents for any action taken by them in the performance of
- 5 their powers and duties under this article.

#### §33-40-12. Notices.

- 1 All notices by the commissioner to an insurer which
- 2 may result in regulatory action hereunder shall be
- 3 effective upon dispatch if transmitted by registered or
- 4 certified mail, or in the case of any other transmission
- 5 shall be effective upon the insurer's receipt of such notice.

#### §33-40-13. Effective date.

- This article shall become effective on the first day of
- 2 January, one thousand nine hundred ninety-six.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.
Rardy Schoorder
Chairman Senate Committee
Chairman House Committee
Originating in the House.
Takes effect January 1, 1996.  Clerk of the Senate
Donald & Dlopp
Clerk of the House of Helpgates
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President of the Sepate
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Speaker of the House of Delegates
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